Disclosure on Risk Based Capital Requirement under Pillar-3 of Basel III As on 31 December, 2017

Disclosure Policy

The following detailed qualitative and quantitative disclosures are provided in accordance with Bangladesh Bank rules and regulations on capital adequacy under Basel III issued through BRPD Circular no. 18 (21 December 2014). The purpose of these requirements is to complement the capital adequacy requirements and the Pillar III – supervisory review process. These disclosures are intended for market participants to assess key information about the Bank's exposure to various risks and to provide a consistent and understandable disclosure framework as per regulatory requirement. The Bank has spelt out its position as per disclosure requirements set out by the Bangladesh Bank.

The major highlights of the Bangladesh Bank regulations are:

- Maintenance of Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) at a minimum of 10% of Risk Weighted Assets (RWA);
- Adoption of the standardized approach for credit risk for implementing Basel III, using national discretion for:
- Following the credit rating agencies as External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAI) for claims on sovereigns and banks;
- Adopting simple/comprehensive approach for Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM);
- Making unrated corporate exposures risk weighted by assigning a risk weighting of 125%.
- Adoption of the standardized approach for market risk and basic indicator approach for operational risk.
- Furnishing Capital adequacy returns to Bangladesh Bank on a quarterly basis.

a) <u>Scope of Application</u>

Qualitative Disclosure	<u>(a)</u>	The Risk Based Capital Adequacy (RBCA) framework which is called Basel-III guideline issued by Bangladesh Bank in December-2014 was duly applied to The Farmers Bank Limited.
	<u>(b)</u>	The Farmers Bank Limited prepared its RBCA report on "Solo Basis" as well as "Consolidated Basis" where one (01) subsidiary belongs to The Farmers Bank Ltd.
	<u>(c)</u>	No incidence occurred which may cause for imposing any regulatory restriction or impediment on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the group.
Quantitative Disclosure	<u>(d)</u>	No Capital deficiency in solo and consolidated assessment was observed.

b) <u>Capital Structure</u>

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Qualitative Disclosure	<u>a)</u>	 The Farmers Bank Ltd's capital structure consists of Tier I and Tier II capital which is aligned with regulatory capital structure. Tier I capital is further categorized as Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) and Additional Tier 1 capital. The computation of the amount of Common Equity Tier I, Additional Tier I and Tier II capital shall be subject to the following conditions: The Bank has to maintain at least 4.50% of total
		Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) as Common Equity Tier I capital.Tier I capital will be at least 5.50% of the total
		 RWA. Minimum Capital to Risk-weighted Asset Ratio (CRAR) will be 10% of the total RWA. Additional Tier I capital can be maximum up to 1.5% of the total RWA or 33.33% of CET 1, whichever is higher. Tier II capital can be maximum up to 4% of the total RWA or 88.89% of CET1, whichever is higher. In addition to minimum CRAR, Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB) @ 0.625% of the total RWA will be maintained in the form of CET1 in a phased manner from 2016 to 2019.
		Tier I capital of the Bank includes fully Paid Up Capital, Statutory Reserve, Minority Interest in Subsidiary and retained earnings. Tier 1 capital is also called 'Core Capital' of the Bank. According to BRPD letter ref no.BRPD(BFIS)661/14B(P)/2015-18014 dated 24 December 2015, 5% of deferred tax recognized on specific provision shall be allowable as CET 1 capital whilst all other deferred tax assets created on other items shall be deducted from the retained earnings when calculating the capital adequacy ratio.
		Tier II capital consists of General Provision and revaluation reserve for Held to Maturity (HTM) and Held for Trading (HFT) securities. General provision for inclusion in Tier II capital is limited to a maximum 1.25% of Credit RWA calculated under the standardized approach. Revaluation reserve for securities shown as Tier II capital as on 31 December 2014 will be nullified in a phased manner at the rate of 20% starting from 2015 and will be fully adjusted by 2020.

Quantitative disclosures:

The details of capital structure are provided as under:

ParticularsSolo BasisConsolidated BasisFully Paid Up Capital401.61401.61Non-repayable share premium accountNilNilStatutory Reserve16.7316.73General ReserveNilNilRetained Earnings(82.80)(82.09)Dividend Equalization ReserveNilNilMinority Interest in subsidiariesNilNilOthers (If Any Item approved by Bangladesh Bank)NilNilSub Total335.54336.25Regulatory Adjustment335.54336.25Shortfall in Provisions Required Against NPLsNilNilShortfall in Provisions Required Against Investment in sharesNilNilGoodwill and all other Intangible AssetsNilNilDeferred Tax Assets (DTA)33.8533.85Defined benefit pension fund assetsNilNilInvestment in own CET-1 Instruments/Shares (as per Para Ary investment in own CET-1 Capital of Banking, Financial and Insurance EntitiesNilAny investment exceeding the approved limit under section 26(2) of Bank Company Act, 1991 (50% of Investment)NilInvestments in subsidiaries which are not consolidated (50% of Investment)NilNilNilNilSub Total33.8533.85Total33.8533.85TotalSa.8533.85Order Tax Assets of DTASa.8533.85Deferred Tax Assets (DTA)Sa.8533.85Others in own CET-1 Instruments/Shares (as per Para Ary investmen	1 1		Fig in Cr
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Others (If Any Item approved by Bangladesh Bank)NilNilSub Total335.54336.25Regulatory Adjustment335.54336.25Regulatory AdjustmentNilNilShortfall in Provisions Required Against NPLsNilNilShortfall in Provisions Required Against Investment in SharesNilNilRemaining deficit on account of revaluation of investments in securities after netting off from any other surplus on the securitiesNilNilGoodwill and all other Intangible AssetsNilNilNilDeferred Tax Assets (DTA)33.8533.8533.85Defined benefit pension fund assetsNilNilNilInvestment in own CET-1 Instruments/Shares (as per Para Ary investment exceeding the approved limit under section 26(2) of Bank Company Act, 1991 (50% of Investment)NilNilInvestments in subsidiaries which are not consolidated (50% of Investment)NilNilNilOthers if anyNilNilNilNilSub Total33.8533.8533.85Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69302.40	Dividend Equalization Reserve	Nil	Nil
Sub Total335.54336.25Regulatory Adjustment	Minority Interest in subsidiaries	Nil	Nil
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Shortfall in Provisions Required Against Investment in SharesNilNilRemaining deficit on account of revaluation of investments in securities after netting off from any other surplus on the securitiesNilNilGoodwill and all other Intangible AssetsNilNilNilDeferred Tax Assets (DTA)33.8533.85Defined benefit pension fund assetsNilNilInvestment in own CET-1 Instruments/Shares (as per Para 3.4.7 of Basel III Guidelines)NilNilReciprocal Crossholdings in the CET-1 Capital of Banking, Financial and Insurance EntitiesNilNilAny investment exceeding the approved limit under section 26(2) of Bank Company Act, 1991 (50% of Investment)NilNilInvestments in subsidiaries which are not consolidated (50% of Investment)NilNilNilOthers if anyNilNilNilNilSub Total33.8533.8533.85Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69302.40	Regulatory Adjustment		
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Investment in own CET-1 Instruments/Shares (as per Para 3.4.7 of Basel III Guidelines)NilNilReciprocal Crossholdings in the CET-1 Capital of Banking, Financial and Insurance EntitiesNilNilAny investment exceeding the approved limit under section 26(2) of Bank Company Act, 1991 (50% of Investment)NilNilInvestments in subsidiaries which are not consolidated (50% of Investment)NilNilOthers if anyNilNilNilSub Total33.8533.85Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69302.40	Defined benefit pension fund assets	Nil	Nil
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3.4.7 of Basel III Guidelines)NilReciprocal Crossholdings in the CET-1 Capital of Banking, Financial and Insurance EntitiesNilNilAny investment exceeding the approved limit under section 26(2) of Bank Company Act, 1991 (50% of Investment)NilNilInvestments in subsidiaries which are not consolidated (50% of Investment)NilNilOthers if anyNilNilSub Total33.8533.85Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69302.40	Investment in own CET-1 Instruments/Shares (as per Para	Nil	Nil
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26(2) of Bank Company Act, 1991 (50% of Investment)NilInvestments in subsidiaries which are not consolidated (50% of Investment)NilOthers if anyNilSub Total33.85Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69			
26(2) of Bank Company Act, 1991 (50% of Investment)Investments in subsidiaries which are not consolidatedNilInvestments in subsidiaries which are not consolidatedNilNil(50% of Investment)NilNilOthers if anyNilNilSub Total33.8533.85Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69302.40	Any investment exceeding the approved limit under section	Nil	Nil
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(50% of Investment) Nil Others if any Nil Sub Total 33.85 Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital 301.69			
(50% of Investment) Nil Others if any Nil Nil Sub Total 33.85 33.85 Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital 301.69 302.40	Investments in subsidiaries which are not consolidated	Nil	Nil
Others if anyNilNilSub Total33.8533.85Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69302.40			
Sub Total33.8533.85Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69302.40		Nil	Nil
Total Common Equity Tier-1 Capital301.69302.40		33.85	33.85
		301.69	302.40
	Additional Tier I Capital	Nil	Nil
Total Tier I Capital301.69302.40		301.69	302.40

Tier II Capital

Particulars	Solo Basis	Consolidated Basis
General Provision (Eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 will be	38.00	38.00
limited to a maximum 1.25 percentage points of credit risk-		
weighted assets calculated under the standardized		
approach)		
All Other preference shares	Nil	Nil
Subordinated debt/Instruments issued by the banks that	Nil	Nil
meet the qualifying criteria for Tier 2 capital (as per Annex		
4 of Basel III Guidelines)		
Minority Interest i.e. Tier-2 issued by consolidated	Nil	Nil
subsidiaries to third parties (for consolidated reporting		
only)		
Revaluation Reserves as on 31 December, 2014 (50% of	Nil	Nil
Fixed Assets and Securities & 10% of Equities)		
Others (if any item approved by Bangladesh Bank)	Nil	Nil
Sub Total	38.00	38.00
Regulatory Adjustment		
Revaluation Reserves for Fixed Assets, Securities & Equity	Nil	Nil
Securities (follow Phase-in deductions as per Basel III		
Guidelines)		
Investment in own T-2 Instruments/Shares (as per Para	Nil	Nil
3.4.7 of Basel III Guidelines)		
Reciprocal crossholdings in the T-2 Capital of Banking,	Nil	Nil
Financial and Insurance Entities		
Any investment exceeding the approved limit under section	Nil	Nil
26(2) of Bank Company Act, 1991 (50% of Investment)		
Investments in subsidiaries which are not consolidated	Nil	Nil
(50% of Investment)		
Others if any	Nil	Nil
Total Tier-2 Capital Available	38.00	38.00
Maximum Limit of Tier-2 Capital (Tier 2 capital can be	238.17	268.80
maximum up to 4.0% of the total RWA or 88.89% of CET1,		
whichever is higher)		
Excess Amount over Maximum Limit of T-2	Nil	Nil
Total Admissible Tier-2 Capital	38.00	38.00
Total Regulatory Capital (Tier I + Tier II)	339.69	340.40

(c) Capital Adequacy

(BDT in Crore) Qualitative a) For accessing Capital Adequacy the Bank has adopted Standardized Approach Disclosure for Credit Risk measurement, Standardized (Rule Based) Approach for Market Risk measurement and Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk measurement. Adequate capital means enough capital to compensate with Bank's risks profile. For assessing overall risk profile and a strategy for maintaining adequate capital, Bank has developed an Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) for practicing better risk management techniques. Bank has strengthened effectiveness its risk management process and internal control system in assessing and planning of economic capital against all risks. The strategic planning process critically analyses of bank's current and future capital requirements. The strategic plan includes the bank's capital needs, anticipated capital expenditures, desirable capital level, and external capital sources. **Ouantitative Solo Basis** Consolidated Disclosure Basis Capital requirement for Credit Risk 386.51 376.49 b) Capital requirement for Market Risk 7.89 7.89 c) d) Capital requirement for Operational Risk 29.62 29.62 Total Risk Weighted Asset (RWA) 4240.24 4139.99 **Total Regulatory Capital** 340.40 339.69 Total Capital to Risk Weighted Asset 8.22% e) 8.01% Ratio (CRAR) Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital to 7.11% 7.30% **RWA Ratio** Tier 1 Capital to RWA Ratio 7.11% 7.30% Tier II Capital to RWA Ratio 0.90% 0.92% Minimum Capital Requirement 424.02 413.99 **Capital Conservation Buffer** 53.00 51.74 f) Available Capital Under Pillar (84.33) (73.59) g) 2

Requirement

<u>(d)Credit Risk</u>

Qualitative Disclosure	(a)	Credit risk is the risk of financial loss resulting from failure
		by a client or counterparty to meet its contractual
		obligations to the Bank. Credit risk arises from the bank's
		dealings with or lending to corporate, individuals and
		other banks or financial institutions. The Farmers Bank
		Ltd. is managing Credit Risk through a robust process that
		enables the bank to proactively manage loan portfolios in
		order to minimize losses and earn an acceptable level of
		return for shareholders.
		Past Due/Impaired Loans
		Bank classifies loans and advances (loans and bill discount
		in the nature of an advance) into performing and non-
		performing loans (NPL) in accordance with the Bangladesh
		Bank guidelines in this respect. An NPA is defined as a loan
		or an advance where interest and/ or installment of
		principal remain overdue for more than 90 days in respect
		of a Continuous credit, Demand loan or Term Loan .
		Classified loan is categorized under following 03 (three)
		categories:
		1. Sub-standard
		2. Doubtful
		3. Bad & Loss
		Any continuous loan will be classified as:
		• 'Sub-standard' if it is past due/over due for 3
		months or beyond but less than 6 months.
		 'Doubtful' if it is past due/over due for 6 months or
		beyond but less than 9 months.
		 'Bad/Loss' if it is past due/over due for 9 months
		or beyond.
		Any Demand Loan will be classified as:
		They benfund hour win be clussified us.
		• Sub-standard' if it remains past due/overdue for 3
		months or beyond but not over 6 months from the
		date of claim by the bank or from the date of
		creation of forced loan.
		• Doubtful' if_it remains past due/overdue for 6
		months or beyond but not over 9 months from the
		date of claim by the bank or from the date of
		creation of forced loan.
		• Bad/Loss' if it remains past due/overdue for 9
		months or beyond from the date of claim by the
		bank or from the date of creation of forced loan.

<u>Term Loan up to Tk.10.00 lac</u>
 If the amount of past due installment is equal to or more than the amount of installment (s) due within 6 months, the entire loan will be classified as "Substandard". If the amount of past due installment is equal to or more than the amount of installment (s) due within 9 months, the entire loan will be classified as "Doubtful". If the amount of past due installment is equal to or more than the amount of installment (s) due within 12 months, the entire loan will be classified as "Bad /Loss".
<u>Term Loan above Tk.10.00 lac</u>
 In case any installment (s) or part of installment (s) of a Fixed Term Loan above Tk. 10.00 lac is not repaid within the due date, the amount of unpaid installment (s) will be termed as past due /overdue installments from the following day of the due date. If the amount of past due installment is equal to or more than the amount of installment (s) due within 3 months, the entire loan will be classified as "Sub-standard". If the amount of past due installment is equal to or more than the amount of installment (s) due within 6 months, the entire loan will be classified as "Doubtful". If the amount of past due installment is equal to or more than the amount of installment (s) due within 6 months, the entire loan will be classified as "Doubtful". If the amount of past due installment is equal to or more than the amount of installment (s) due within 9 months, the entire loan will be classified as "Bad /Loss"
 If not repaid within the fixed expiry date for repayment will be considered past due / overdue after 6 months of the expiry date. If irregular status continues, the credit will be classified as 'Substandard ' after a period of 12
 months. If irregular status continues, the credit will be classified as 'Doubtful' after a period of 36 months. If irregular status continues, the credit will be classified as 'Bad or Loss ' after a period of 60 months.

[Description of approaches followed for specific and
	general allowances:
	The Farmers Bank Limited follows the General and Specific Provision requirement as prescribed by Bangladesh Bank time to time.
	General provision on all unclassified loans of Small and Medium Enterprise 0.25% General provision against all unclassified loans (other than loans under consumer Financing, Loans to Brokerage House, Merchant Banks, Stock Dealers etc. Special Mention Account as well as SME Financing) 1%
	General provision on the unclassified amount for Consumer Financing (other than Housing Finance and Loans for professionals to set up business) 5% General provision on the unclassified amount for Housing Finance and Loans for professionals to set up business under consumer financing scheme 2%
	General provision on the unclassified amount for Loans to Brokerage House, Merchant Banks, Stock dealers, etc 2% General provision on the outstanding amount of loans kept in the Special Mention Account 5% General provision on the off-balance sheet exposures 1%
	Specific Provision for classified Continuous, Demand and Fixed Term Loans: Substandard 20% Doubtful 50% Bad/Loss 100% Specific Provision for Short-term Agricultural and Micro- Credits: All Credits except Bad/Loss 5% Bad/Loss 100%
	Methods used to measure credit risk In compliance with Risk Based Capital Adequacy, FBL, as per BASEL-II Guideline, uses ratings assigned by External Credit Assessment Agencies (ECAIs) approved by Bangladesh Bank. The rating is used for both fund based and non-fund based exposure for corporate borrowers. FBL also uses the Credit Risk Grading System prepared by Bangladesh Bank before taking any exposure on Corporate and Medium clients.

Credit Risk Management Policy
Given the fast changing dynamic global economy and the increasing pressure of globalization, liberalization, consolidation and disintermediation, The Farmers Bank has a robust credit risk management policy and procedures that are sensitive and responsive to these changes. A clearly defined, well-planned, comprehensive and appropriate Credit Risk Management Policy of the Bank provides a board guideline for the Credit Operation towards efficient management of its Credit portfolio.
The Bank has adopted numerous strategies to manage its credit risk including:
 Creating credit risk awareness culture Approved credit policy by the Board of Directors Separate credit risk management division Formation of law and recovery ream Independent internal audit and direct access to Board/Audit committee Credit quality and portfolio diversification Early warning system Provision and suspension of interest Scientific lending and credit approval process Counterparty credit rating Strong NPL management system

b) Total gross credit risk exposure Amount in Crore	
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Quantitative Disclosure	broken down by major types of credit	
	exposure	
	Term Loan	1022.82
	Time Loan	234.02
	LTR	211.21
	Packing Credit	2.85
	House Building Loan	96.36
	Lease Finance	3.29
	Hire Purchase	0.94
	EDF Loan	0.00
	Payment Against Documents	0.00
	Cash Credit	2261.11
	Overdraft	1235.91
	Personal Loan	8.77
	Consumer Credit	0.11
	Staff Loan	21.13
	Agricultural Credit	24.05
	Bill Purchased and Discounted Inland	8.51
	Bill Purchased and Discounted Foreign	18.58
	Total	5149.64
	Geographical Distribution of Credit	Amount in Crore
	Exposure	
	Dhaka	3166.48
	Chittagong	635.99
	Khulna	116.50
	c) Rajshahi	22.85
	Barisal	52.29
	Mymensing	1154.30
	Sylhet	1.03
	Rangpur	0.20
	Total	5149.64

]	Industry	or	counter	party	type	BDT in Crore
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	distribution of exposures, broken down	
	by major types of credit exposures	
(d)	Agriculture	24.05
	RMG	163.49
	Textile	56.09
	Ship Building	0.00
	Ship Breaking	201.85
	Other Manufacturing Industry	1.75
	SME Loans	1543.80
	Construction	33.22
	Power, Gas	4.71
	Transport, Storage & Communication	50.47
	Trade service	1639.12
	Commercial real estate financing	212.56
	Residential real estate financing	41.80
	Consumer Credit	146.15
	Loans to Brokerage House	5.18
	NBFI	0.00
	Others	1025.38
	Total	5149.64
(e)	Residual Contractual maturity	BDT in Crore
(e)	Residual Contractual maturity breakdown of the whole portfolio	BDT in Crore
(e)	5	BDT in Crore
(e)	breakdown of the whole portfolio	BDT in Crore
(e)	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month	2249.06
(e)	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months	2249.06 391.46
(e)	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year	2249.06
(e)	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months	2249.06 391.46
(e)	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76
(e)	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64
(e)	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type:	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76
	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type: Amount impaired loans and if available,	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64
	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type: Amount impaired loans and if available, past due loans, provided separately	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64 BDT in crore
	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type: Amount impaired loans and if available, past due loans, provided separately Corporate	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64 BDT in crore 1748.89
	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type: Amount impaired loans and if available, past due loans, provided separately Corporate SME	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64 BDT in crore 1748.89 730.74
	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type: Amount impaired loans and if available, past due loans, provided separately Corporate SME Consumer Financing	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64 BDT in crore 1748.89 730.74 23.09
	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type: Amount impaired loans and if available, past due loans, provided separately Corporate SME Consumer Financing others	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64 BDT in crore 1748.89 730.74 23.09 0.00
	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type: Amount impaired loans and if available, past due loans, provided separately Corporate SME Consumer Financing others Specific and general provisions and	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64 BDT in crore 1748.89 730.74 23.09
	breakdown of the whole portfolio broken down by major types of credit exposures Up to 1 (One) Month Over 1 Month but less Than 3 months Over 3 Month but less Than 1year Over 1 Year but not more than 5 Years Over 5 Years Total By major industry or counterparty Type: Amount impaired loans and if available, past due loans, provided separately Corporate SME Consumer Financing others	2249.06 391.46 1410.39 742.97 355.76 5149.64 BDT in crore 1748.89 730.74 23.09 0.00

(g)	Gross Nonperforming Assets (NPAs)	2195.25 cr
	Non Performing Assets to Outstanding	42.61%
	Loans & Advances	
	Movement of Non Performing Assets	
	Opening balance	177.09
	Additions	2018.16
	Reductions	0.00
	Closing Balance	2195.25
	Movement of Non Performing Assets	
	Opening balance	83.47
	Provisions made during the period	664.82
	Write-off	0.00
	Write-back of excess provisions	0.00
	Closing Balance	748.29

(e) Equities: Disclosures for Banking Book Positions:

Qualitative Disclosure	(a)	The general qualitative disclosure requirement with respect to the equity risk, including: The Bank does not hold any value which is describe as "Differentiation between holdings on which capital gains are expected and those taken under other objectives including for relationship and strategic reasons" in RBCA Guidelines of Bangladesh bank. Therefore the Bank does not need to narrate any "Discussion of important policies covering the valuation and accounting of equity holding in the banking book, This includes the accounting techniques and valuation methodologies used, including key assumptions and practices affecting valuation as well as significant changes in these practices". Apart from above, the Bank has calculated value at cost method for Quoted shares & Unquoted Shares.
Quantitative Disclosure	(b)	Value disclosed in the balance sheet of investments, as well as the fair value of those investments; for quoted securities, a comparison to publicly quoted share values where the share price is materially different from fair value. Tk. Crore Quoted shares 37.00 Unquoted shares 341.00

(c)	The cumulative realized gain (losses) arising from sales and liquidations in the reporting period. Realized gain (losses) from equity investments.
(d)	Total unrealized gains (losses) -3.95Total latent revaluation gains (losses) -0.00Any amounts of the above included in Tier 2 Capital-0.00
(e)	There are no Capital requirements broken down by appropriate equity groupings, consistent with the bank's methodology, as well as the aggregate amounts and the type of equity investments subject to any supervisory provisions regarding regulatory capital requirements.

(f) Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB):

Qualitative Disclosure	(a)	The Banking Book consists of assets and of relationship or for steady income and held till maturity/payment by counter pa The earnings or changes in the econom book. Interest rate risk is the risk that a financial position as interest rates mo banking book arises from a bank's core h exposure of a bank's financial condition Changes in interest rates affect a bank income and the level of other interest ser	d statutory obl arty. nic value are t bank will expo ove over time. coanking activit to adverse mo c's earnings by	ligations and a the main focu erience deterio Interest rate ies. Interest ra ovements in in changing its	s in banking oration in its e risk in the ate risk is the nterest rates. net interest		
Quantitative	(b)	CAR before-shock (%)		8.01			
Disclosure		Interest Rate Stress Test	Minor	Moderate	Major		
		Assumed change in Interest Rate1.00%2.00%3.00%					
		Net interest income impact					
		<12 months -13.75 -27.50 -41.25					
		Capital after-shock 325.94 312.19 298.44					
		CAR after-shock (%) 7.69 7.36 7.04					
		Change in CAR after-shock (%)	-0.32	-0.65	-0.97		
		Re pricing impact					

Change in the value of the bond portfolio	0.00	0.00	0.00
Capital after-shock	325.94	312.19	298.44
CAR after-shock (percent)	7.69	7.36	7.04
Change in CAR after-shock (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Overall change in CAR (NII and re pricing impact, %)	-0.32	-0.65	-0.97

(g) Market Risk Qualitative Disclosure: Qualitative Disclosures

Qualitative Disclosure	Views of ROD on trading /in	voctmont	activities:		
Quantative Disclosure	Views of BOD on trading/investment activities:				
	-	Market risk is potential for loss resulting from adverse			
		movement in market risk factors such as interest rates,			
		For-ex rates, and equity and commodity prices. The			
	important aspect of the Ma		- ·		
	management, interest rate				
	pricing of assets and liabilit				
	Market Risk such as Interest				
	Risk & Equity Price Risk. Th				
	all policies related to market		imits and reviews		
	compliance on a regular basis				
	Method used to measure Ma				
	In Standardized Approach,	-	_		
	various market risks (interes				
	commodity price risk, and	foreign e	exchange risk) is		
	determined separately.				
	Market Risk Management S				
	The Treasury Division ma				
	Liquidity, interest rate and				
	oversight from Assets Liabi	lity Manag	ement Committee		
	(ALCO) comprising senior ex	ecutives of	the Bank. ALCO is		
	chaired by the Managing Di	rector. AL	CO meets at least		
	once in a month.				
	Policies and Processes for n	Policies and Processes for mitigating market risk:			
	There are approved limits for credit deposit Ratio, liquid				
	assets to total assets ratio, maturity mismatch,				
	commitments for both on-balance sheet and off-balance				
	sheet items and borrowing from money market and For-ex				
	position. The limits are mo	position. The limits are monitored and enforced on a			
	regular basis to protect again	regular basis to protect against market risk. The exchange			
	rate committee of the Bank	x meets on	a daily basis to		
	review the prevailing marke	et condition	n, exchange rate,		
	For-ex position and trans	actions to	mitigate foreign		
	exchange risks.				
	The Capital Requirement	Solo	Consolidated		
	for:				
	Interest Rate Risk	0.00	0.00		
	Equity Position Risk	7.40	7.40		
	Foreign Exchange Risk	0.49	0.49		
	Commodity Risk	0.00	0.00		

(h) Operational Risk Qualitative Disclosure Views of BOD on system to reduce Operational Risk: <u>(a)</u>

	 Operational risk is associated with human error, system failures and inadequate procedures and controls. It is the risk of loss arising from the potential that inadequate information system; technology failures, breaches in internal controls, fraud, unforeseen catastrophes, or other operational problems may result in unexpected losses or reputation problems. Operational risk exists in all products and business activities. In addressing Operational Risk, Bank has been strengthened its Internal Control System, and ensure sound Corporate Governance in all sphere of Management and Operation level as well. The Bank should maintain a robust CBS (Core Banking Software) and enriches its IT infrastructure in terms of demand of time. Besides, in order to capacity building of its Human Resources division may be taken a number of steps like training, workshop etc. Performance gap of executives and staffs: FBL has a policy to provide competitive package and best working environment to attract and retain the most talented people available in the industry. FBL's strong brand image plays an important role in employee motivation. As a result there is no significant operational risk. Policies and Processes for mitigating operational risk: To mitigate operational risk, Bank use basic indicator approach to calculate capital charge against operational risk. Management Division and supervisory review Committee for review and managing operation six as well as evaluating of the adequacy of the capital. For mitigating operational risk. Management Division and supervisory review Committee for review of the operation and compliance of statutory requirements. Approach for calculating capital charge for operational risk: The Bank followed Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) for measuring capital charges for operational risk is a fixed percentage (denoted by alpha) of average positive annual gross income of the Bank over the past three y
Quantitative Disclosure	The Capital Requirement for operational Risk: In Solo-29.62 cr and in Consolidated 29.62 cr

(i) Liquidity Risk

Qualitative Disclosure	(a)	Liquidity Risk is the risk that the bank does not have
		sufficient financial resources to meet its obligations as they
		fall due or will have to do so at excessive cost. The risk
		arises from mismatch in the timing of cash flows. The
		objective of liquidity framework is to allow the Bank to
		withstand very severe stresses. It is designed to be
		adaptable to change the business modes, markets and
		regulators. The liquidity risk management frameworks
		require:
		• Liquidity to managed by Bank on stand-alone basis
		with no reliance on the Bangladesh Bank
		• To comply with all regulatory limits;
		• To maintain positive stressed cash flow;
		• Monitoring the contingent funding commitments;
		Monitoring the structural term mismatch between
		maturing assets and liabilities;
		Maintenance of robust and practical liquidity
		contingency plan;
		 Maintain diverse sources of funding and adequate
		back up lines.
		1
		Liquidity management of the Bank is centered on the
		Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and Net Stable Funding
		Ratio (NSFR) based on BASEL III. The Bank has Asset
		Liability Management (ALM) desk to manage this risk with
		active monitoring and management.
		The Bank has adopted Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and
		Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) for liquidity risk
		Management. LCR ensures that banks maintain enough
		high quality unencumbered liquid assets to meet its
		liquidity needs for 30 calendar time-line whereas NSFR
		ensures availability of stable funding is greater than
		required funding over 1 year period.
		Bank has Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) to
		monitor the liquidity risk on a monthly basis. Based on the
		detail recommendation from ALM desk, ALCO take
		appropriate action to manage the liquidity risk. To have
		more conservative approach towards liquidity risk
		measurement, the Bank has set internal LCR and NSFR
		limits which are more stringent and set higher than the
		regulatory limit of 100%. These ratios are regularly
		monitored at ALCO. Also Bank has internal risk control
		framework which outlines clear and consistent policies
		and principles for liquidity risk management.
		and principles for inquidity risk management.

Quantitative	(b) Particulars	Solo and Consolidated

Disclosure	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)	1.53%
	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)	116.11%
	Stock of High quality liquid assets	11.77
	Total net cash outflows over the next	(433.26)
	30 calendar days	
	Available amount of stable funding	4732.28
	Required amount of stable funding	4075.81

(j) Leverage Ratio

()) Leverage Ratio		
Qualitative Disclosure	(a)	 Leverage ratio is the ratio of tier 1 capital to total on and off-balance sheet exposures. The leverage ratio was introduced into the Basel III framework as a non-risk based backstop limit, to supplement risk-based capital requirements. In order to avoid building-up excessive on and off-balance sheet leverage in the banking system, a simple, transparent, non-risk based leverage ratio has been introduced by the Bangladesh Bank. The leverage ratio is calibrated to act as a credible supplementary measure to the risk based capital requirements. The leverage ratio is intended to achieve the following objectives: Constrain the build-up of leverage in the banking sector which can damage the broader financial system and the economy; and Reinforce the risk based requirements with an easy to understand and a non-risk based measure. The Bank has calculated the regulatory leverage ratio as per the guideline of Basel III. The numerator, capital measure is calculated using the new definition of Tier I capital applicable from 01 January 2015. The denominator, exposure measure, is calculated on the basis of the Basel III leverage ratio framework as adopted by the Bangladesh Bank. The exposure measure generally follows the accounting value, adjusted as follows: On-balance sheet, non derivative exposures are included in the exposure measure is converted into credit exposure equivalents through the use of credit conversion factors (CCFs). Depending on the risk category of the exposure a CCF of 20%, 50% or 100% is applied. Item deducted from Tier I capital such as deferred tax assets is excluded.

Quantitative Disclosure	(b)	Leverage ratio (%)	ratio (%) Solo	
		Leverage Ratio	5.19%	5.19%
		On balance sheet exposure	5706.94	5714.34
		Off balance sheet exposure	143.04	143.04
		Total Exposure	5849.98	5857.38

(k) Remuneration:

Qualitative disclosure	a)	 i) Information relating to the bodies that oversee remuneration ii) Information relating to the design and structure of remuneration processes 	The Executive committee of the Bank oversees the remuneration on as and when required basis. No external consultant's advice has been sought. The Bank has approved pay scale approved by the Board of Directors. Employee type in FBL is Regular & Contractual. There is a pay scale approved by the competent authority where the salaries and increments are fixed designation wise and the same is followed accordingly.
		 iii) Description of the ways in which current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration processes. iv) Description of the ways in which the Bank seeks to link performance during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration 	The approved pay scale was initialized considering the packages provided by peer Banks so that the employee retention risk is lower. For the future risks the pay scale is every now and then considered for revision. Half-Yearly and Annual appraisal is sought from the competent authority to link performance during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration.
		 remuneration. v) Description of the ways in which the bank seek to adjust remuneration to take account of longer-term performance. vi) Description of the different forms of variable remuneration that the bank utilizes and the rationale for using these different forms 	To take account of longer-term performance the Bank seeks to adjust remuneration through Promotion. There are no other forms but cash form of variable remuneration is utilized by the Bank.

BDT in Million

Quantitative disclosure	b)			Solo & Consolidated
		Number of meetings held by	y the main body overseeing	Nil
		remuneration and remunerat		
		Number of employees ha remuneration award (incentiv		N/A
		Number of guaranteed bonus	02	
		Total amount of guaranteed b	onuses awarded.	4.98 Cr
		Number of sign-on awards ma	ade.	N/A
		Total amount of sign-on awar	N/A	
		Number of severance paymen	N/A	
		Total amount of severance pa	yments made.	N/A
	Total amount of outstanding deferred into cash, shares and share-linked in		-	N/A
		forms. Total amount of deferred (incentive bonus).	d remuneration paid out	N/A
		Breakdown of amount of refinancial year to show:		
			BDT in Crore	
		Fixed (Salary & Allowances)	62.19	
		Variable	N/A	
		Deferred	N/A	
		Non- deferred	N/A	
		Different forms used (Cash, shares and share linked instrument, other	N/A	
		forms).		
		Total amount of outstanding of		N/A
		Total amount of retained rem explicit and/or implicit adjust		N/A
		Total amount of reductions of to expost explicit adjustment		N/A
		Total amount of reductions of to expost implicit adjustment	luring the financial year due	N/A